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**Abstract**

The abstract must be written in English as a single paragraph. It must be aligned both to the left and right margins. 1. How to write a good abstract for your paper. An abstract is a short paragraph of around 200-300 words that summarizes your research paper. Typically, it describes the purpose of your research, your research methods and designs, the results of your research and conclusions. 2. Why do I need an abstract for my paper? When looking for research articles, researchers often decide whether a paper is relevant to their study by reading the abstract. Therefore, it's important to make your abstract as engaging and informative as possible. In addition, online abstracting and indexing services are widely used by readers looking for relevant research. A concise, accurate and well-structured abstract will likely to make your paper more discoverable. 3. How to write an abstract? As it’s a summary of your paper, the abstract should be written after your paper is completed. A strong abstract should make sense on its own and cover all major points of your research. Here is a short guide to how to write a good abstract.4. Structure. You can use the structure of your paper to guide the structure of your abstract. Although space is limited, there are four main steps you can follow to create a well-structured abstract: a) Introduce the context and purpose of your research. For example, what is already known about the topic or what is the ‘problem’ that your research is trying to address? b) Describe the methods used in the research. This should be a simple description written in the past tense and using plain language. c) Summarize the results of your research. It can be difficult to include all the results in an abstract, so try to focus only on the most noteworthy ones. d) Finally, explain why the results are significant. For example, how they might affect future research or understanding in the field. You can also include your recommendations for further research.

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**Resumo**

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**Palavras-chave:** Separadas. Por. Ponto.

**Nomenclature**

If necessary, a list of notations and used symbols must be given here, before the Introduction, together with their measuring units, in alphabetical order. Proper acknowledgments are usually made after the Conclusions.

**1. Introduction in bold, left aligned**

The page format should be A4 (210 mm × 297 mm), in the “portrait” orientation mode, and the margins of the text must be lower of 1.5 cm, upper, of 2.5 cm, right of 1.25 cm and left of 3 cm. The text of the entire manuscript, including the titles of each section and sub-title, must be typed with Times New Roman font, size 12, justified aligned.

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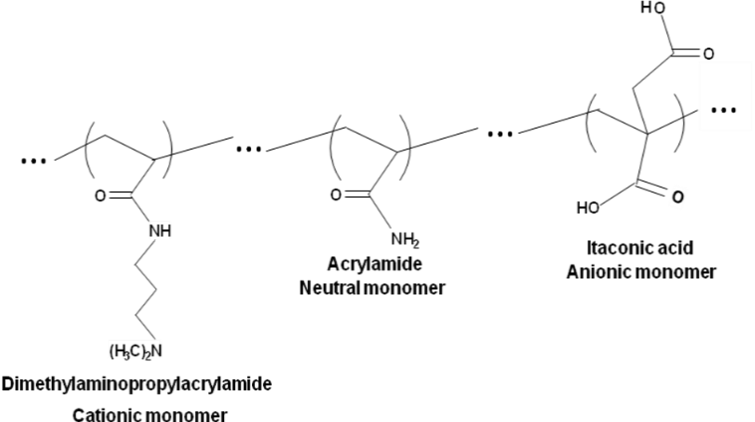
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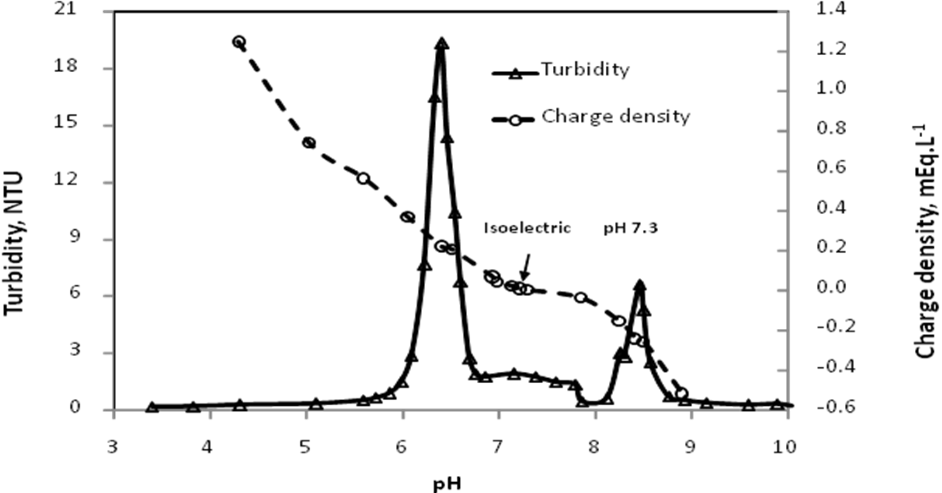
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Figures may be colored or not, and must be inserted in the main body of the manuscript as close as possible from the point where they are cited in the text. They must be centralized and should not exceed the margins defined for the page. It is recommended that a minimal of 300-dpi resolution be used in digitized figures. They should be preferably saved in the JPG format. Each figure must have a caption in Arabic numerals. The caption must be centralized just below the figure itself, and separated by a single space before the corresponding text and double space after it. The format to be followed is: Figure 1 – Caption of the figure, with a final dot. In the main text, they should necessarily be mentioned or cited as in the example: “As shown by Figure 1, ...” . Please see other examples below:



**Figure 1 - Polyampholyte molecular composition prepared by random, free-radical polymerization. (Bold, size 12)**



**Figure 2 – Digital structure of a hybrid velocity/position fuzzy-PID controller.**

**3. Tables**

Tables and/or charts must be adapted or adjusted to the page window and must be shown after and as close as possible from the point where they are cited in the text. Their captions must be aligned to the left just before the table itself with single spaces before and after the text, and must be typed as: Table 1 – Caption of the table, with a final dot. All tables must be cited in the text, as in the example: “The results of the experimental planning are shown in Table 1.” The measuring units of all parameters discussed in the work must be clearly declared, preferably in the International System format. It is recommended that a slash (/) be used to separate the name of the parameter and its corresponding unit whenever possible (see example on the table below; this format may also be used in the captions of graph axes).

**Table 1 – Fuzzy rules for controllers Fuzzy-PI and Fuzzy-PID.**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Fuzzy-PI controller** | | | | | | | |
| **Δe(k)|e(k)** | **NL** | **NM** | **NS** | **ZR** | **PS** | **PM** | **PL** |
| **PL** | **ZR** | PS | PM | PL | PL | PL | PL |
| **PM** | NS | **ZR** | PS | PM | PL | PL | PL |
| **PS** | NM | NS | **ZR** | PS | PM | PL | PL |
| **ZR** | NL | NM | NS | **ZR** | PS | PM | PL |
| **NS** | NL | NL | NM | NS | **ZR** | PS | PM |
| **NM** | NL | NL | NL | NM | NS | **ZR** | PS |
| **NL** | NL | NL | NL | NL | NM | NS | **ZR** |

**Table 2 - Fiber Quality Analysis.**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Parameter** | **Mean length / mm** | **Mean width / µm** | **Fines / %** | **Vessel / #** | **Vessel length / mm** | **Vessel width / µm** |
| Arithmetic average | 0.719 | 16.43 | 0.689 | 6.5 | 0.533 | 133.48 |
| Standard deviation | 0.006 | 0.096 | 0.059 | 2.082 | 0.032 | 9.194 |

Note: The number of fibers counted was 3000. The fine fraction was classified as such if the fibrous elements had an effective dimension between 0.05 and 0.2 mm. (Table notes must be given in Font Size 9 and aligned to the left)

**4. Equations**

All equations must be typed in italics after a 0-cm tabulation from the left margin of the column, with a consecutive numbering in Arabic numerals between parentheses right aligned. All equations must be cited in the text, according to the example: “Replacement of Equation 1 on Equation 3 gives Equation 5 ...”. If any equation is written in more than one line, the corresponding number must be given on the last line, also between parentheses and aligned to the left of the corresponding column. See example below.

(1)

where X is the moisture content, [kg H2O/ kg dry mass], t is time, [s], and Deff is the effective diffusivity, [m2 s−1].

**5. Supplementary Material**

Manuscripts Including NMR, IR, Mass Spectra, etc. Whenever a compound is synthesized or identified (new or already known), it is imperative that spectral data (data and spectra) as Supplementary Material is submitted along with the manuscript. Supplementary Material. This resource was created so that the main text of the manuscript would contain only the strictly necessary figures and tables. Contents for Supplementary Material should be placed at the end of the manuscript, after the References section. Whenever the Supplementary Material is present, a section named Supplementary Material, describing its content, should be created in the main text of the manuscript right after Conclusions. The text should also indicate the free access to the Supplementary Material at jCEC website. Graphical elements and tables for Supplementary Material should be sequentially numbered as in the following examples: Figure 1S, Figure 2S, Table 1S, Table 2S. The Supplementary Material is a separate document. If references are used, they should be listed at the end of the Supplementary Material and numbered as 1S, 2S, etc. Editors, at any time of the editing process, may ask authors to remove portion(s) of the manuscript and include it in the Supplementary Material.

**Acknowledgements**

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**References**

All references must be written in the formats given below, which are based on American Psychological Association – APA (alphabetical order or numerical order). They should all be cited in the text by the first author's surname of the first author of the reference, followed by “*et al*.”, it that is the case, and year of publication between parentheses, as in: “Reports by Smith *et al*. (2009) and Schmidt *et al*. (2012) showed that ...”. In case the citations appear after the main text, the following format is suggested: “... such results have already been discussed in the literature (Armstrong *et al*., 2014; Fischer *et al*., 2015; Williamson *et al*., 2013)”. In this case, note that alphabetical order by the author's surname must be observed to list these references. In the case of two authors, the reference must be cited as: “... according to Armstrong and Fischer (1995), ...”. If three or more authors are involved, cite only the first author and use “*et al*.”, as in the previous examples. If different reports by the same authors have been published in the same year, please use letters a, b, c... after the publication year, as in the example: “Works by Smith *et al*. (2005 a, b) showed that ...”.

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Santos, M. L. (2001). *Crescimento e alocação de biomassa e de nutrientes em eucalipto, decorrentes da aplicação de nitrogênio e potássio*. Dissertação de Mestrado, Universidade Federal de Viçosa, Viçosa, MG, Brasil.

Works in proceedings of scientific events:

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